

ENGINEEREDFOR INNOVATION





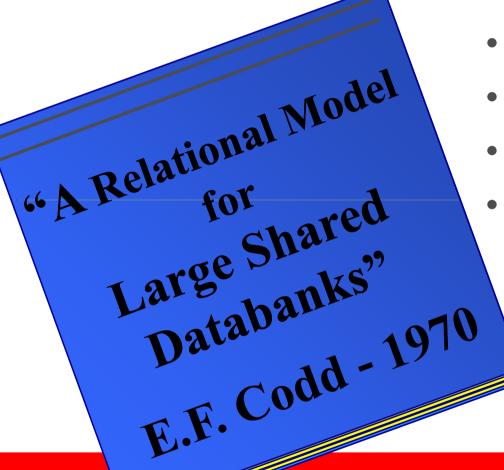
Oracle - Engineered for Innovation

Thomas Kyte http://asktom.oracle.com





The Beginning...



- Data Model with Structure
- Data Independent of Code
- Set-oriented
- 1977 the work begins



GPS 1978





First RDBMS: Version 2 June 1979



- FIRST Commercial SQL RDBMS
- Impressive First SQL
 - Joins, Subqueries
 - Outer Joins, Connect By
- A Simple Server
 - No transactions, 'Limited' Reliability
- Portability from the Start
 - Written in Fortran
 - But multi-platform PDP11, Dec VAX





IBM PC - 1981

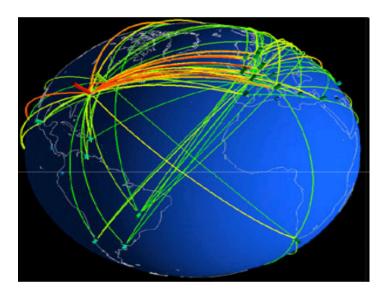
IBM model number 5150, introduced on August 12, 1981.



Internet (as we know it) – 1983



The first TCP/IP-based wide-area network was operational by January 1, 1983 when all hosts on the ARPANET were switched over from the older NCP protocols.





Portability: Version 3 March 1983

- New Implementation Designed for Portability
 - Written in 'C'
 - Single Source
- Architectural Changes
 - Transactions, multi-versioning, no read consistency
 - AI/BI files
- Oracle Corporation name established



25 years of cell phone service

GOING WIRELESS | First cell phone call at Soldier Field in October '83

October 13, 2008

BY BRAD SPIRRISON AND SANDRA GUY brad@midwestbusiness.com sguy@suntimes.com

Who would have thought 25 years ago that Americans would walk around like the Borg from "Star Trek," seemingly wired in to their cell phones around the clock?

The inventors of the cell phone certainly didn't.

» Click to enlarge image



The Motorola DynaTAC 8000X cost \$3,995, was 13 inches long, and weighed 1.75 pounds.

Today marks the 25th anniversary of the first commercial wireless call. It happened Oct. 13, 1983, at Soldier Field, where Ameritech Mobile, now part of Verizon Wireless, made the call from a Motorola DynaTAC 8000X known as the "brick" phone. The phone cost \$3,995, was 13 inches long, and weighed 1.75 pounds.

Paul Gudonis, who was vice president of marketing for Ameritech Mobile Communications and who organized the launch said 20 customers of the



Done









Cooperative Server: Version 5 April 1985



- My First Oracle Experience
 - 1st Client/Server
 - Cooperative Server
 - Distributed Processing
 - Parallel Server
 - Portability
 - V5 was first to go beyond 640K memory on PCs
 - Single-user for Macintosh o/s
 - SQL_TRACE
 - select trace('sql',1),1 from dual;





Transaction Processing: Version 6 July 1988

- New Architecture
 - Performance (first SMP)
 - Availability
 - TPO
 - PL/SQL
- V6 Lays Architectural Groundwork for the Future
 - This was a rewrite of the entire database fundamentally





World Wide Web - 1990'ish

The World Wide Web was created in 1989 by British scientist Tim Berners-Lee, working at the European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN) in Geneva, Switzerland, and released in 1992.



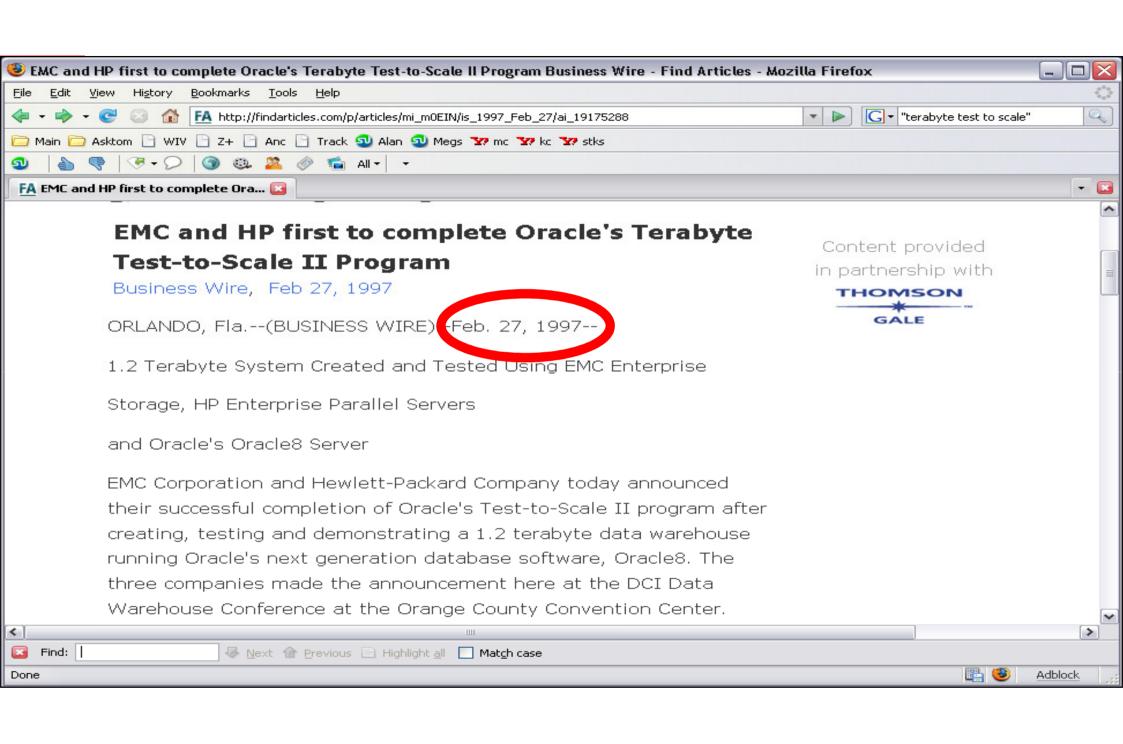




Oracle7.3 February 1996

- Partitioned Views
- Bitmapped Indexes
- Asynchronous read ahead for table scans
- Standby Database
- Deferred transaction recovery on instance startup
- Updatable Join View
- SQLDBA no longer shipped.
- Index rebuilds
- DBV introduced
- Context Option
- PL/SQL UTL_FILE

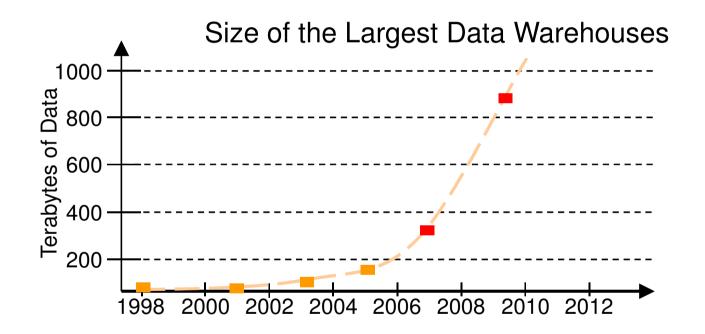
- Spatial Data Option
- Tablespaces changes Coalesce, Temporary Permanent,
- Trigger compilation, debug
- Unlimited extents on STORAGE clause.
- Some init.ora parameters modifiable -TIMED_STATISTICS
- HASH Joins, Antijoins
- Histograms
- Oracle Trace
- Advanced Replication Object Groups



Annual Decline	Cost For 1 GigaByte	Cost For 1 TeraByte = 1,000 GigaBytes (US Dollars) (Storage for 2,000 Scanned File Cabinets) (Holding 20 Million Scanned Letter Size Pages)				
45%	1,000 MBytes	Non-FC/SCSI	Non-FC/SCSI	SAN	SCSI/FC SAN/PC	
	(US Dollars)	PC Disk	PC Disk	FC Disk	Name Brand	Mainframe
	(Storage for	No Online	Software RAID	FC Fabric	Fault Awareness	
Year	2 Scanned	Redundancy	Redundancy	Hardware RAID	Hardware RAID	
	File Cabinets)	1 X	2 X	4 X	8 X	12 X
1992	1,000.00	1,000,000.00	2,000,000.00	4,000,000.00	8,000,000.00	12,000,000.00
1993	550.00	550,000.00	1,100,000.00	2,200,000.00	4,400,000.00	6,600,000.00
1994	302.50	302,500.00	605,000.00	1,210,000.00	2,420,000.00	3,630.000.00
1995	166.38	166,375.00	332,750.00	665,500.00	1,331,000.00	1,996,500.00
1996	91.51	91,506.25	183,012.50	366,025.00	732,050.00	1,098,075.00
1997	50.33	50,328.44	100,656.88	201,313.75	402,627.50	603 9/1 25
1998	27.68	27,680.64	55,361.28	110,722.56	221,445.13	332,167.69
1999	15.22	15,224.35	30,448.70	60,897.41	121,794.82	182,692.23
2000	8.37	8,373.39	16,746.79	33,493.58	66,987.15	100,480.73
2001	4.61	4,605.37	9,210.73	18,421.47	36,842.93	55,264.40
2002	2.53	2,532.95	5,065.90	10,131.81	20,263.61	30,395.42
2003	1.39	1,393.12	2,786.25	5,572.49	11,144.99	16,717.48
2004	0.77	766.22	1,532.44	3,064.87	6,129.74	9,194.61
2005	0.42	421.42	842.84	1,685.68	3,371.36	5,057.04
2006	0.23	231.78	463.56	927.12	1,854.25	2,781.37
2007	0.13	127.48	254.96	509.92	1,019.84	1,529.75
2008	0.07	70.11	140.23	280.45	560.91	841.36
2009	0.04	38.56	77.13	154.25	308.50	462.75
2010	0.02	21.21	42.42	84.84	169.68	254.51



Data Warehouses Growing Rapidly Tripling In Size Every Two Years

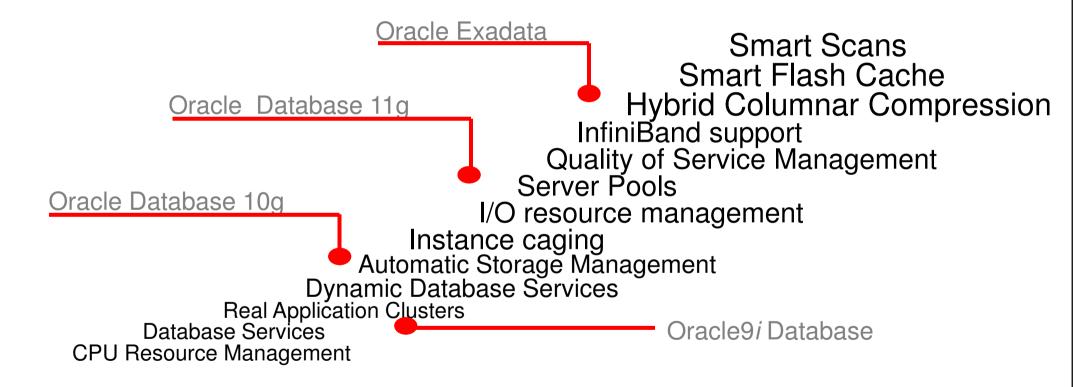






Enabling the Private Database Cloud

Years of continuous Oracle innovation





Three Major Database Focus Areas

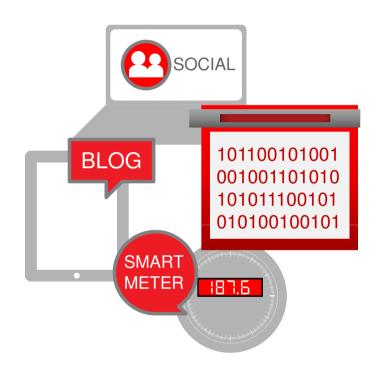
Engineered for Innovation







ENGINEERED SYSTEMS



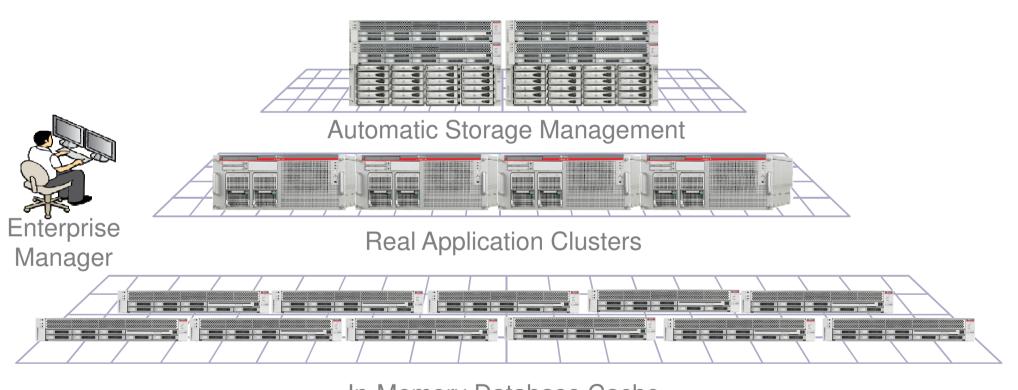
BIG DATA





Building Managed Server and Storage Pools

Real Application Clusters

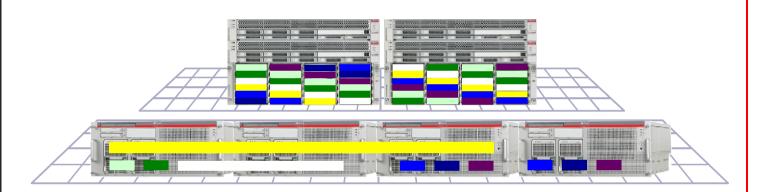


In-Memory Database Cache



Service Level Management

Resource Manager and Instance Caging



Resource Manager allocates CPU and Memory

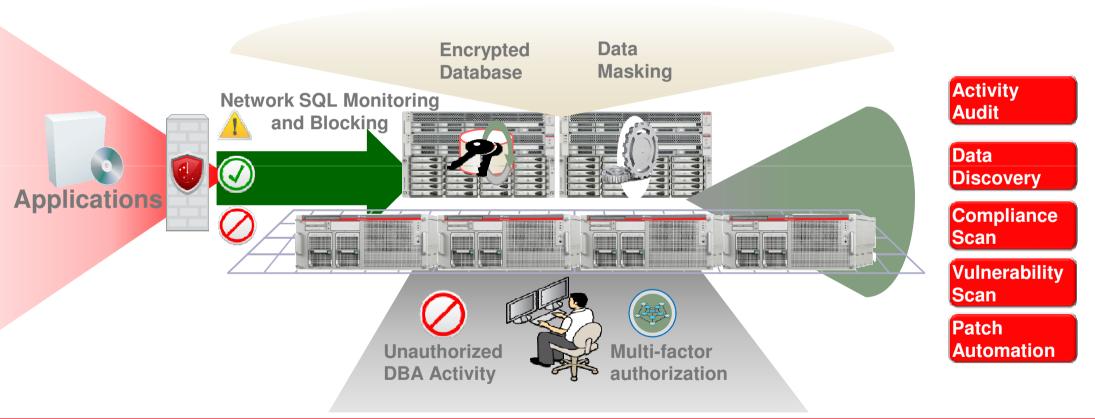
Instance caging allocates cores per instance

Capacity-on-demand for elastic cloud computing



Complete Data Security

Firewall, Encryption, Separation of Duty and Monitoring

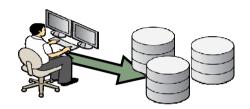


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Provisioning Software to the Cloud

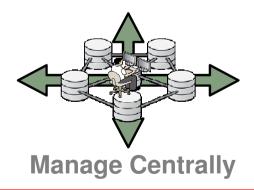
Lower complexity via Reference Configurations



Create Reference Configuration



Stage as Gold Image





Provision
Database on
Cloud

Gold image reference configurations

Standardized deployments via profiles

Rapidly provision databases to the Cloud

Monitor change centrally to ensure compliance

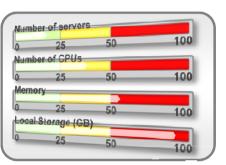


Metering and Chargeback

Enterprise Manager 12c









Discover & Plan

Track Usage

Charge User

Resource usage metering

Historical usage trends

Cost allocation and charge plan evaluation

Reporting for cloud selfservice application





Optimized, Pre-Integrated Cloud Platform

Oracle Exadata Database Machine



Database Server Pool

- Oracle Database 11g Release 2
- Oracle Real Application Clusters
- Automatic Storage Management

Storage Server Pool

- Up to 336 TB disk
- 5 TB flash storage
- Oracle Exadata Storage Software

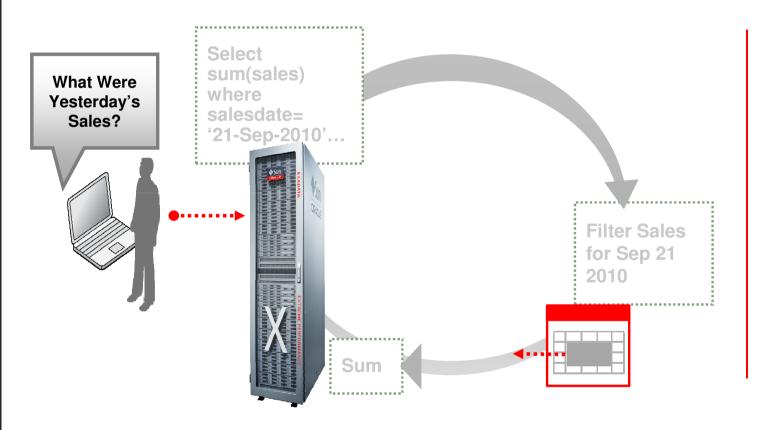
InfiniBand Network

40 Gb/sec redundant switches



Improve Data Warehouse performance 10x

Exadata Smart Scans



Data intensive processing runs in Exadata Storage Servers

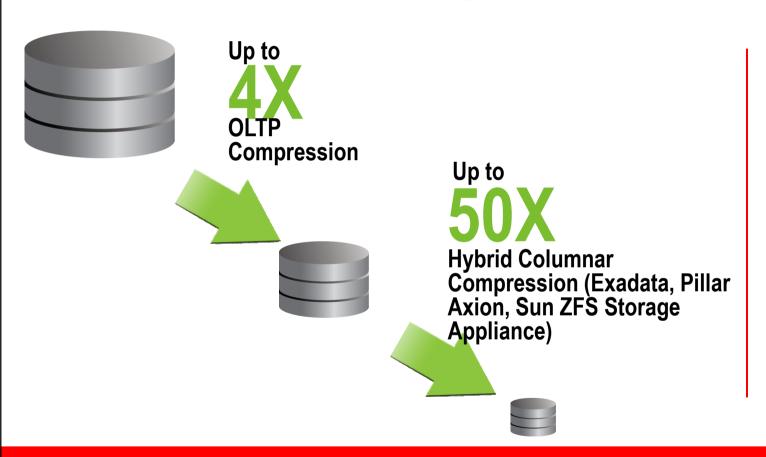
Rows and columns filtered as data streams from disks



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Storage Optimization

Next Generation Compression Technology



Increase compression as data ages

Improve query performance for table scans

Improve cache density for OLTP performance

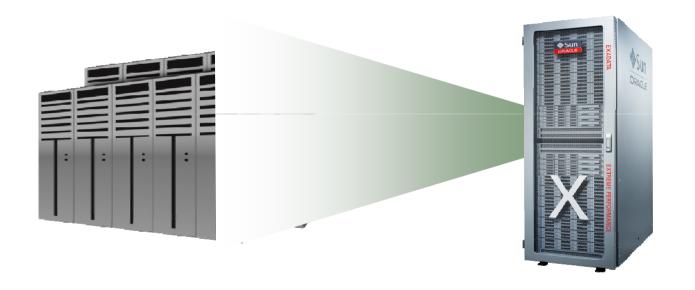
No changes to existing applications

Cascade storage savings throughout data center



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Exadata Smart Flash Cache



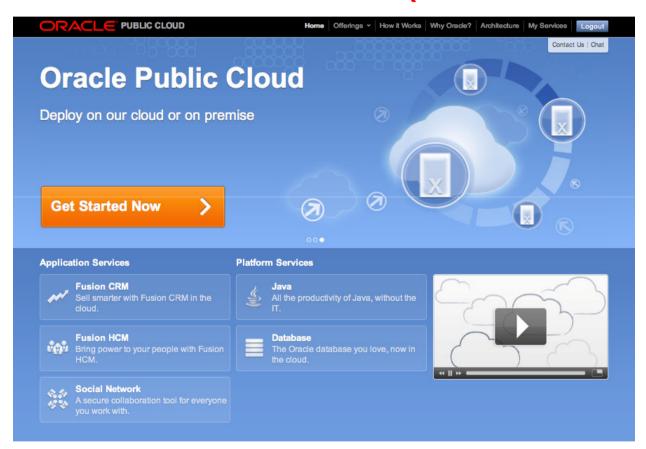
Full rack has 5 TB of Smart Flash Cache

Can process over 1 million IOs per second

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Public Cloud

Oracle Public Cloud (cloud.oracle.com)



Public Cloud

- Self Service
- Monthly Subscription
- Simple Pricing

Services

- Application
- Platform

Platform Services

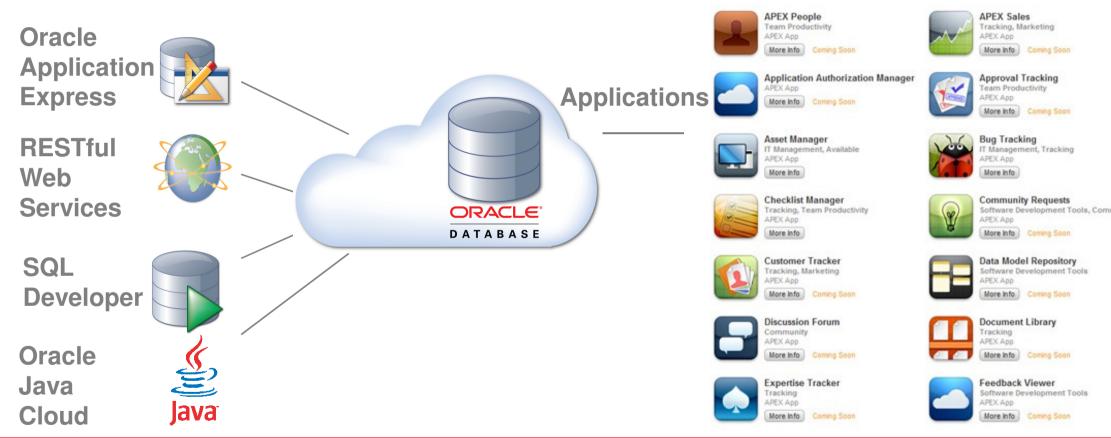
- Java Cloud Service
- Database Cloud Service



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Database Applications in the Public Cloud





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Big Data Buzz



"Why big data is a big deal"

InfoWorld - 9/1/11

"Keeping Afloat in a Sea of 'Big Data"

ITBusinessEdge - 9/6/11

"The challenge and opportunity of big data"

McKinsey Quarterly—5/11

"Getting a Handle on Big Data with Hadoop"

Businessweek-9/7/11

"Ten reasons why Big Data will change the travel industry"

Tnooz -8/15/11

"The promise of Big Data"

Intelligent Utility-8/28/11



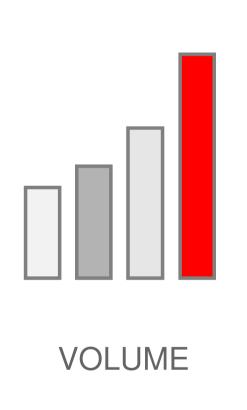


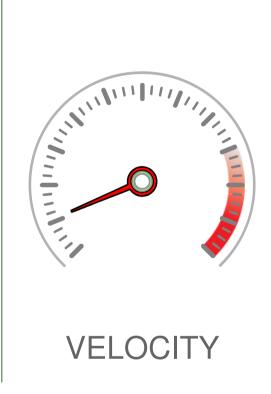


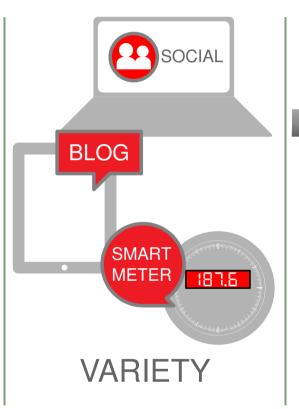
Today's Challenge	New Data	What's Possible	
Healthcare Expensive office visits	Remote patient monitoring	Preventive care, reduced hospitalization	
Manufacturing In-person support	Product sensors	Automated diagnosis, support	
Location-Based Services Based on home zip code	Real time location data	Geo-advertising, traffic, local search	
Public Sector Standardized services	Citizen surveys	Tailored services, cost reductions	
Retail One size fits all marketing	Social media	Sentiment analysis segmentation	

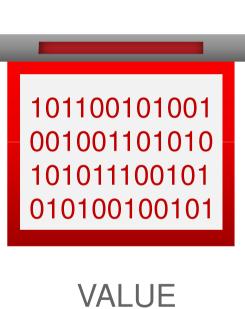
What Makes it Big Data?













Hardware and Software

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Engineered to Work Together

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